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CONTENTS

Productivity, nutrient uptake and economics of sweet corn (<i>Zea mays</i> L. var. <i>saccharata</i>) under different planting geometry and NPK levels	1-7
AMIT BHATNAGAR, SAILESH DEB KARJEE, GURVINDER SINGH and DINESH KUMAR SINGH	
Integrated effect of natural farming concoctions and organic farming practices with various NPK doses on quality of bread wheat	8-13
PRERNA NEGI, MOINUDDIN CHISTI and HIMANSHU VERMA	
Characterization and fertility capability classification of some soils in the rain forest zone of Edo state, Nigeria	14-25
OKUNSEBOR, F.E., OGBEMUDIA, I. and OKOLIE, S. I.	
Characterization and classification of guava growing soils of North-East Haryana according to frame work of land evaluation (FAO, 1993)	26-35
DHARAM PAL, MANOJ SHARMA, R.S. GARHWAL and DINESH	
Interactive impact of heavy metals and mycorrhizal fungi on growth and yield of pepper (<i>Capsicum annuum</i> Linn.)	36-47
SHARMILA CHAUHAN, MOHINDER SINGH, SNEHA DOBHAL, DEEKSHA SEMWAL and PRAVEEN	
Response of chilli (<i>Capsicum annuum</i> var. <i>annuum</i> L.) to different nutrient management practices	48-58
SHEETAL, K.C. SHARMA, SHIVAM SHARMA, NEHA SHARMA, D.R. CHAUDHARY, SANDEEP MANUJA and AKHILESH SHARMA	
Trend detection in weather parameters using Mann-Kendall test for Tarai region of Uttarakhand	59-67
SHUBHIKA GOEL and R.K. SINGH	
Comparative study of antioxidant potential of fresh peel from different citrus species	68-74
TARU NEGI, ANIL KUMAR, ARCHANA GANGWAR, SATISH KUMAR SHARMA, ANURADHA DUTTA, NAVIN CHAND SHAHI, OM PRAKASH and ASHUTOSH DUBEY	
Suitability of Quinoa Grains (<i>Chenopodium Quinoa</i> Willd.) for development of Low Glycemic Index Biscuits	75-84
RUSHDA ANAM MALIK, SARITA SRIVASTAVA and MEENAL	
A study on dietary intake among school-going adolescent girls of Udaipur, Rajasthan during COVID-19	85-92
JYOTI SINGH and NIKITA WADHAWAN	
Nutritional and sensory evaluation of gluten free chapatti developed using underutilised food sources	93-98
AYUSHI JOSHI, ARCHANA KUSHWAHA, ANURADHA DUTTA, ANIL KUMAR and NAVIN CHANDRA SHAHI	
Nutrient-enriched wheat chapatti with fresh pea shells (<i>Pisum sativum</i> L.): A comprehensive quality assessment	99-109
AMITA BENIWAL, SAVITA, VEENU SANGWAN and DARSHAN PUNIA	

Pearl Millet-Based Pasta and Noodles Incorporated with <i>Jamun</i> Seed Powder: Quality Analysis SAVITA, AMITA BENIWAL, VEENU SANGWAN and ASHA KAWATRA	110-121
Unlocking the biofortification potential of <i>Serratia marcescens</i> for enhanced zinc and iron content in wheat grains BHARTI KUKRETI and AJAY VEER SINGH	122-131
Antioxidant and anti-inflammatory properties of sun-dried leaves and fruits of wild <i>Pyracantha crenulata</i> (D. Don) M. Roem. SUGANDHA PANT, PREETI CHATURVEDI, AAKANSHA VERMA, MANDEEP RAWAT, VAISHNAVI RAJWAR and KAVITA NEGI	132-141
Studies on productive herd life, longevity, and selective value and their components in crossbred cattle SHASHIKANT, C.V. SINGH and R.S. BARWAL	142-150
Studies on replacement rate and its components in crossbred cattle SHASHIKANT, C.V. SINGH, R.S. BARWAL and MANITA DANGI	151-157
Principal component analysis in production and reproduction traits of Frieswal cattle under field progeny testing OLYMPICA SARMA, R. S. BARWAL, C. V. SINGH, D. KUMAR, C. B. SINGH, A. K. GHOSH, B. N. SHAHI and S. K. SINGH	158-163
Degenerative renal pathology in swine: A comprehensive histopathological investigation in Rajasthan, India SHOBHA BURDAK, INDU VYAS, HEMANT DADHICH, MANISHA MATHUR, SHESH ASOPA, RENU	164-169
Evaluation of histopathological changes on acute exposure of profenofos in Swiss albino mice SONU DEVI, VINOD KUMAR, PREETI BAGRI and DEEPIKA LATHER	170-177
Temporal and spatial performance of rapeseed and mustard oilseed in India: A study in the context of Technology Mission on Oilseeds¹ LEKHA KALRA and S. K. SRIVASTAVA	178-190
Comparative economics of maize cultivation in major and minor maize producing districts of Karnataka – a study across farm size groups GEETHA, R. S. and S. K. SRIVASTAVA	191-203
A study on Usefulness of Participatory Newsletter for Potato growers in Udham Singh Nagar district of Uttarakhand RAMESH NAUTIYAL and ARPITA SHARMA KANDPAL	204–209
Training Needs of Hortipreneurs in Value Addition and fruit crop production in Kumaon Hills of Uttarakhand KRITIKA PANT and ARPITA SHARMA KANDPAL	210-215
Post-training Knowledge Assessment of the rural women about Mushroom Cultivation under TSP project, funded by ICAR ARPITA SHARMA KANDPAL, S. K. MISHRA and OMVEER SINGH	216-220
UAV Technology: Applications, economical reliance and feasibility in Indian Agriculture A. AJAY and S. SAI MOHAN	221-229

Degenerative renal pathology in swine: A comprehensive histopathological investigation in Rajasthan, India

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ABSTRACT: A total of 586 kidney samples from pigs were examined regardless of age group, gender, and breed during post-mortem examinations conducted from November 2019 to December 2020. Out of these, 154 samples exhibiting gross lesions underwent histopathological examination. The overall incidence of histopathological lesions in pig kidneys was recorded at 15.58% (24 out of 154 samples with gross lesions). Microscopic analysis revealed degenerative lesions including cellular swelling, hydropic degeneration, fatty change, renal amyloidosis, and renal necrosis, with incidences of 6.49%, 1.95%, 1.30%, 3.25%, and 2.60%, respectively. Cellular swelling (6.49%) and fatty change (1.30%) were identified as the most and least prevalent conditions, respectively, affecting pig kidneys during the study period.

Key words: Degenerative changes, histopathology, kidney, pig

The pig industry faces significant risks to public health and economic losses due to decreased animal performance and organ condemnation, particularly in the kidney (Oliveira Filho *et al.*, 2012). Understanding renal pathology in pigs is crucial not only for farm productivity but also as an appropriate animal model for studying renal drug elimination processes in humans (Dhondt *et al.*, 2020). The kidney plays a pivotal role in maintaining body homeostasis and influencing pig growth performance. Various extrinsic and intrinsic factors can impact renal function and morphology. Degenerative changes in the kidney, such as cellular swelling, hydropic degeneration, fatty changes, renal amyloidosis, and renal necrosis, can significantly affect pig health and productivity. Degenerative changes in the kidney can be triggered by a variety of factors, including heat stroke, irritants, bacterial infections, toxicity, metabolic disturbances, lack of essential nutrients such as choline, and administration of hypertonic solutions (Drevon and Hovig, 1977; Jones and Hunt, 1983; Hunter *et al.*, 1987; Vegad and Katiyar, 1998; Stoev *et al.*, 1998; Milicevic *et al.*, 2009; Swindle *et al.*, 2012; Rebez *et al.*, 2023). Amyloidosis may occur due to either

inflammatory or immunological reactions, and chronic diseases such as Tuberculosis (DiBartola *et al.*, 1989; Segales *et al.*, 2005). Renal lesions, such as cloudy swelling, amyloidosis, and hydropic degeneration, not only indicate renal dysfunction but also serve as markers for underlying health issues such as chronic diarrhoea, weight loss, and poor productivity (Jones and Hunt, 1983). Understanding the aetiology and consequences of these lesions is essential for improving animal health outcomes and productivity. This article aims to review and consolidate current knowledge on degenerative histological changes in the kidneys of pigs reared in specific regions, particularly focusing on Rajasthan. By identifying knowledge gaps and emphasizing the need for more nuanced analyses, this research seeks to enhance our understanding of renal pathology in pigs and its implications for animal production. Investigating renal degenerative changes in pigs is crucial for improving animal health outcomes and agricultural productivity. By elucidating the causes, manifestations, and significance of these changes, this research contributes to the broader understanding of renal physiology and pathology in pigs and highlights the need for further research to

address existing knowledge gaps.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

A total of 586 kidney samples from pigs (*Sus scrofa domestica*) were collected irrespective of age, sex, and breed. These samples were obtained from various organised and unorganised slaughterhouses located in Bikaner, Jaipur, and Alwar districts of Rajasthan. From the collected samples, 154 kidney tissue specimens exhibiting macroscopic lesions were identified and collected for further analysis. Twenty-four samples displaying macroscopic lesions indicative of degenerative changes in the kidney were selected for histopathological examination. The collected kidney samples were adequately preserved in 10% formalin solution. Tissue processing was carried out through paraffin embedding using a technique involving acetone and benzene, as described by Lillie (1965). Tissue sections with a thickness ranging from 4 to 6 microns were prepared. Routine staining was performed using the haematoxylin and eosin staining method, following the protocols outlined by Luna (1960) and Bancroft *et al.* (2013).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The occurrence of degenerative changes of kidney of pig in the present study was recorded as 15.58 per cent. Major degenerative change in kidney of pig was cellular swelling recorded as 6.49 per cent. in contrast, the least changes were fatty changes observed at 1.30 per cent.

	Condition	Incidence (No. of sample)	Incidence (percentage)
1	Cellular swelling	10	6.49
2	Hydropic degeneration	3	1.95
3	Fatty change	2	1.30
5	Renal amyloidosis	5	3.25
6	Renal necrosis	4	2.60
	Total	24	15.58

Cellular swelling

The overall occurrence of this condition was observed in 10 (6.49 per cent) cases. Similar incidence was recorded by Gurjar (2018) as 10.2

per cent in sheep. A higher incidence was recorded by Milicevic *et al.* (2009) as 34.3 per cent in pig. Grossly, kidney was enlarged and pale in colour with smooth round bordered. Similar observation was noticed by Gurjar (2018). In cellular swelling, there is an intra-cytoplasmic deposition of water. It could be widespread or localised, affecting the entire organ (McGavin and Zachary, 2006). Microscopically, lumens of tubules were narrowed, and the cytoplasm was granular. In some, there was necrotic epithelial debris in the tubular lumen (Figure 1). This recording was in close resemble with result of Lohr (2008); Stoev *et al.*, 2012; Wallig and Janovitz (2013) and Gurjar (2018).

Hydropic degeneration

The overall occurrence of this condition was observed in 3 (1.95 per cent) cases. A similar incidence was reported by Gurjar (2018) as 2.54 per cent in sheep. A higher incidence was recorded by Laxmi (2001) as 71.76 per cent in canine. Grossly, focal or diffuse areas of pale discolouration and enlargement in size of the kidney. The above findings corroborate those of Laxmi (2001). Microscopically, the kidney showed dispersing oedema of the renal tubes, vacuolar degeneration of epithelial cells lining the renal tubules and necrosis (Figure 2). The above observations are also in accordance with Hunter *et al.* (1987); Stoev *et al.* (1998) and Stoev *et al.* (2012).

Fatty change

This condition was observed in 2 (1.30 per cent) cases. A nearby similar incidence was recorded by Jansen and Nordstaoga (1992) as 2.8 per cent in pig. A significant higher incidence was recorded by Milicevic *et al.* (2009) as 45.5 per cent in pig. Grossly, the affected kidneys were pale yellowish and enlarged and had a bulging out cut-surface. The above observations are also in accordance with Jansen and Nordstaoga (1992) and Vegad and Katiyar (1998). Microscopically, fat vacuoles were found particularly in epithelial cells of convoluted tubules. These fat vacuoles were variable in size (Figure 3). The gross and microscopic observations recorded in this study are in accordance with those described by Farber *et al.* (1976), and Vegad and Katiyar (1998).

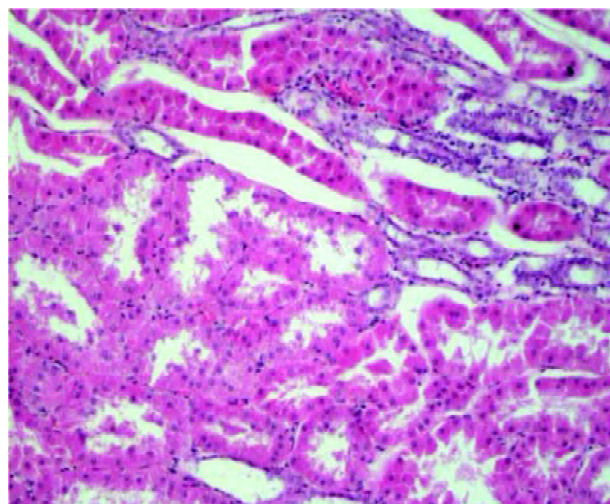


Fig.1: Microphotograph of kidney showing cloudy swelling, the lumen of tubules narrowed and the cytoplasm is granular (H & E -400x). Gross photograph showing swelling of kidney and its rounded border

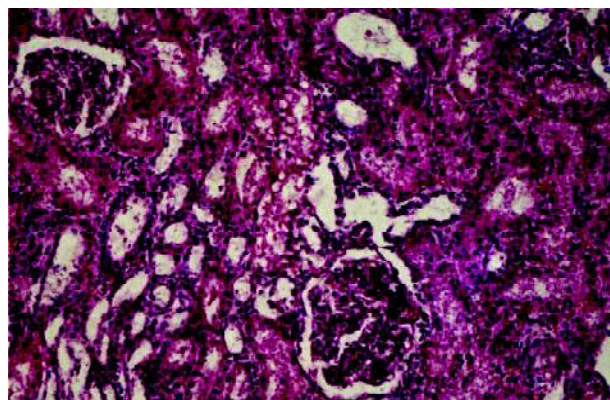


Fig. 2: Microphotograph of kidney showing hydropic degeneration, the cytoplasm of tubules showing numerous, small and large vacuoles in their cytoplasm (H & E -100x).

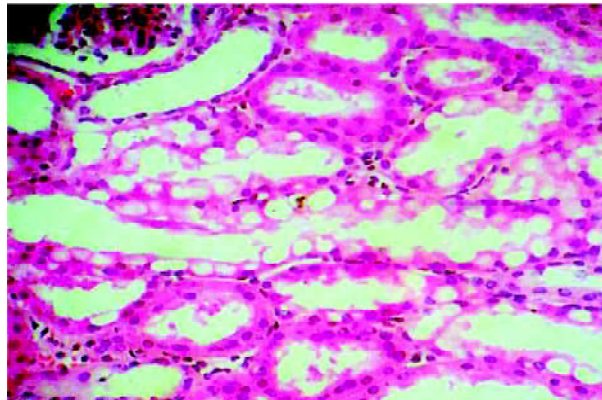


Fig. 3: Microphotograph of kidney showing fatty change, fat vacuole present in cells of tubules and nucleus displaced at periphery (H & E -400x).

Renal amyloidosis

The overall occurrence of this condition was observed in 5 (3.25 per cent) cases. Similar incidence recorded by Gurjar (2018) as 5.1 per cent in pig. Grossly, the kidney was enlarged, pale or yellow in colour, and sometimes waxy on cut section as with most nephrosis. The above findings are in accordance with those described by Jones and Hunt (1983); King *et al.* (2014) and Gaffney (2017). Microscopically, a portion of the normal glomerular architecture was replaced by eosinophilic, homogenous to slightly fibrillar material. In some cases, glomeruli loops were swollen and converted into hyaline balls. The amyloid was deposited in the tubular basement membrane and around the tubules.

The tubules showed pink hyaline casts of protein and were dilated. Polymorphonuclear cells infiltration and tubular degeneration were noticed (Fig. 4). The above observations are also in accordance with Jones and Hunt (1983); DiBartola *et al.* (1989); Mensua *et al.* (2003); Segales *et al.* (2005) and Gaffney (2017).

Renal necrosis

This condition was observed in 4 (2.60 per cent) cases. A higher incidence was recorded by Elling (1979) at 31.25 per cent in pig, and Kosaka *et al.* (2016) at 17.4 per cent in animals. Grossly, the kidneys were bilaterally enlarged and pale. Oedema and petechiation of both kidneys were seen. These

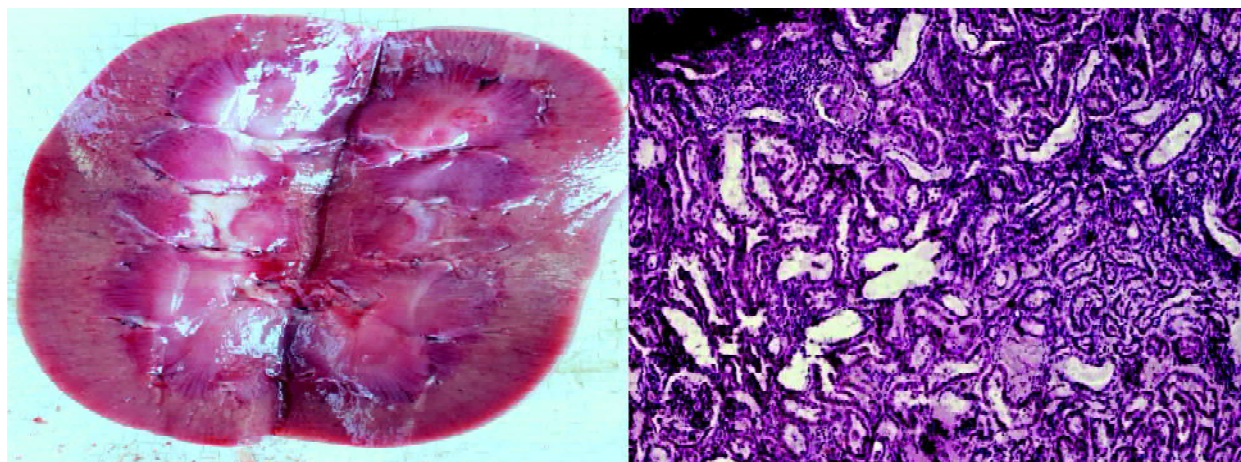


Fig. 4: Gross photograph showing pale and waxy appearance and Microphotograph of kidney showing amyloidosis, glomeruli loops swollen and converted into hyaline balls. (H & E -100x)

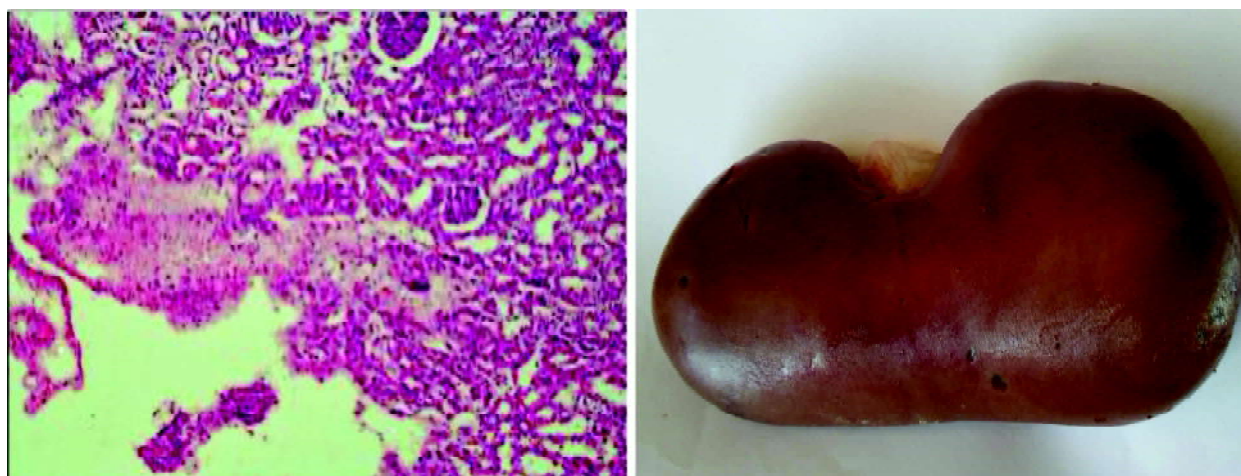


Fig. 5: Microphotograph of kidney showing necrosis of renal parenchyma (H & E -200x) and Gross photograph of kidney with black marking on surface showing necrosis

findings were in close approximation with results of Imai *et al.* (2006) and Phaneuf *et al.* (2007). Microscopically, multifocal necrosis with scarring of glomeruli and glomerular tufts which appeared swollen and hypercellular. Kidney showed multifocal tubular degeneration and necrosis which consisted of hydropic swelling, flattening and atrophy of renal tubular epithelial cells. The lumina of some proximal convoluted tubules contained necrotic debris and epithelial cells that had separated from the basement membrane (Figure 5). These findings were in close resemblance with that of Phaneuf *et al.*, 2007; Sabbagh *et al.*, 2011; Kosaka *et al.*, 2016.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, this study provides valuable insights into the prevalence and histopathological characteristics of degenerative kidney changes in pigs from the Rajasthan region. The overall incidence of histopathological lesions was recorded at 15.58%, with cellular swelling being the most prevalent condition. The findings highlight the significance of understanding renal pathology in pigs for both farm productivity and as an animal model for studying renal diseases in humans. By identifying the various degenerative changes and their associated factors, this research contributes to

improving animal health outcomes and agricultural productivity. Further studies are warranted to explore additional factors influencing renal pathology in pigs and to develop targeted interventions for mitigating these degenerative changes.

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